

## DPP-4

## Video Solution on Website:-

## https://physicsaholics.com/home/courseDetails/82

## Video Solution on YouTube:-

## https://youtu.be/7XOiHofv54w

## Written Solution on Website:-

## https://physicsaholics.com/note/notesDetalis/20

Q 1. A and B are two soap bubbles. Bubble $A$ is larger than $B$. If these are now joined by a tube then:
(a) the bubble A becomes more large
(b) the bubble B becomes more large
(c) both the bubbles acquire the same size
(d) both the bubbles will get busted

Q 2. If a million tiny droplets of water of the same radius coalesce into one larger drop the ratio of the surface energy of the large drop to the total surface energy of all the droplets will be
(a) $1: 10$
(b) $1: 10^{2}$
(c) $1 \cdot 10^{4}$
(d) $1: 10^{6}$

Q 3. There is a horizontal film of soap solution. On it a thread is placed in the form of a loop. The film is pierced inside the loop and the thread becomes a circular loop of radius R . If the surface tension of the loop be T , then tension in the thread will be:
(a) $\pi R^{3} T$
(b) 2 RT
(c) RT
(d) $\pi R^{2} / \mathrm{T}$

Q 4. When toomany water drops coalesce to form abigger drop:
(a) energy is absorbed
(b) energy is liberated
(c) energy is neither liberated nor absorbed
(d) energy may either be liberated or be absorbed depending on the nature of liquid

Q 5. A soap bubble of radius $r$ is placed on another bubble of radius 2 r . The radius of the surface common to both the bubbles is
(a) $2 \mathrm{r} / 3$
(b) 3 r
(c) 2 r
(d) r

Q 6. One cubic plate, having 15 cm side, floats on water surface. If surface tension of water is 60 dyne $/ \mathrm{cm}$. To lift this plate from water, Find the extra force required against weight.
(a) 3600 dyne
(b) 1800 dyne
(c) 900 dyne
(d) 7200 dyne

Q 7. A soap bubble is very slowly blown on the end of a glass tube by a mechanical pump which supplied a fixed volume of air every time whatever be the pressure against which it pumping. The excess of pressure inside the bubble varies with time as shown by which of the graph-

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(a)

(c)

(b)

(d)


Q 8. A liquid is contained in a vertical tube of semicircular cross-section (shown in figure). The contact angle is zero. The force of surface tension on the curved part and on the flat part are in ratio-
(a) $1: 1$
(b) $1: 2$
(c) $\pi: 2$
(d) $2: \pi$

Q 9. If more air is pushed in a soap bubble, the pressure in it-
(a) decreases
(b) increases
(c) remains same
(d) becomes zero

Q 10. Two spherical soap bubbles coalesce to form a single bubble. If V is the consequent change in volume of the contained air and $S$ the change in total surface area, then ( $\mathrm{P}=$ atmospheric pressure)
(a) $3 \mathrm{PV}+4 \mathrm{ST}=0$
(b) $4 \mathrm{PV}+3 \mathrm{ST}=0$
(c) $6 \mathrm{PV}+\mathrm{ST}=0$
(d) $\mathrm{PV}+4 \mathrm{ST}=0$

Q 11. A big drop of water whose diameter is 0.2 cm , is broken into 27000 small drops of equal volume. Work done in this process will be - (surface tension of water is $7 \times$ $10^{-2} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}$ ).
(a) $5 \times 10^{5}$ joule
(b) $2.9 \times 10^{-5}$ joule
(c) $2.55 \times 10^{-5}$ joule
(d) zero

Q 12. A drop of water of volume V is pressed between the two glass plates so as to spread to an area A . If T is the surface tension, the normal force required to separate the glass plates
(a) $\frac{T A^{2}}{V}$
(b) $\frac{2 T A^{2}}{V}$
(c) $\frac{4 T A^{2}}{V}$
(d) $\frac{T A^{2}}{2 V}$

Answer Key

| Q. 1 a | Q. 2 b | Q. 3 b | Q. 4 b | Q. 5 c |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q. 6 a | Q. 7 c | Q. 8 c | Q.9 a | Q.10 a |
| Q. 11 c | Q. 12 b |  |  |  |

